## FEATURES

∗0.3 inch (7.62 mm) DIGIT HEIGHT.
∗CONTINUOUS UNIFORM SEGMENTS.
∗LOW POWER REQUIREMENT.
∗EXCELLENT CHARACTERS APPEARANCE.
∗HIGH BRIGHTNESS & HIGH CONTRAST.
∗WIDE VIEWING ANGLE.
∗SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
∗CATEGORIZED FOR LUMINOUS INTENSITY.

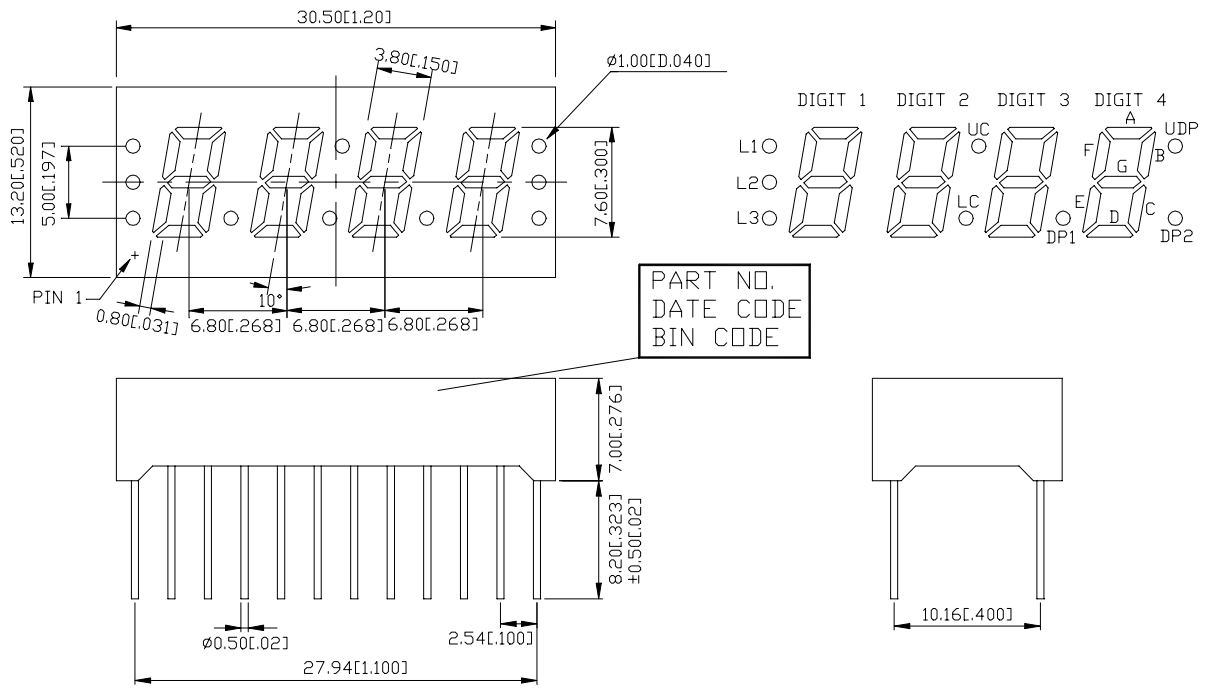
## DESCRIPTION

The LTC-3710P is a 0.3inch (7.62mm) digit height quadruple digit seven-segment display. This device utilizes bright red LED chips, which are made from GaP on a transparent GaP substrate, and has a black face and red segments.

## DEVICE

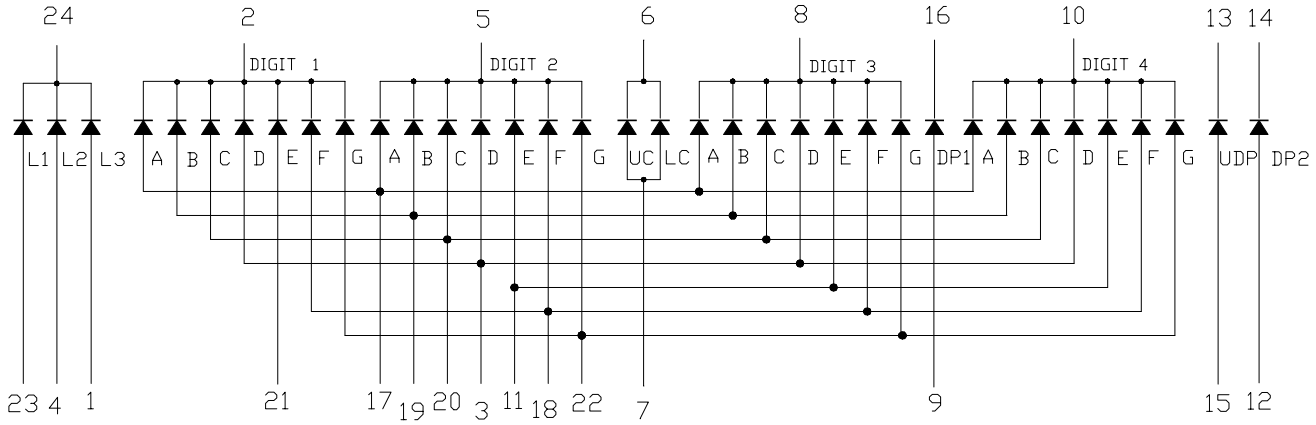
| PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
|---|---|
| Bright red | Multiplex Common Cathode |
| LTC-3710P | Rt. Hand Decimal |

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS




NOTES: All dimensions are in millimeters. Tolerances are± 0.25 mm (0.01“) unless otherwise noted.

## INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



## PIN CONNECTION

| NO | CONNECTION | NO | CONNECTION |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | ANODE L3 | 13 | CATHODE UDP |
| 2 | COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 1 | 14 | CATHODE DP2 |
| 3 | ANODE 1D,2D,3D,4D | 15 | ANODE UDP |
| 4 | ANODE L2 | 16 | CATHODE DP1 |
| 5 | COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 2 | 17 | ANODE 1A,2A,3A,4A |
| 6 | CATHODE UC,LC | 18 | ANODE 1F,2F,3F,4F |
| 7 | ANODE UC,LC | 19 | ANODE 1B,2B,3B,4B |
| 8 | COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 3 | 20 | ANODE 1C,2C,3C,4C |
| 9 | ANODE DP1 | 21 | ANODE 1E |
| 10 | COMMON CATHODE DIGIT 4 | 22 | ANODE 1G,2G,3G,4G |
| 11 | ANODE 2E,3E,4E | 23 | ANODE L1 |
| 12 | ANODE DP2 | 24 | CATHODE L1,L2,L3 |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING AT Ta=25°C

| PARAMETER | MAXIMUM RATING | UNIT |
|---|---|---|
| Power Dissipation Per Segment | 40 | mW |
| Peak Forward Current Per Segment<br>( 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width ) | 60 | mA |
| Continuous Forward Current Per Segment<br>Derating Linear From 25℃ Per Segment | 15<br>0.2 | mA<br>mA/℃ |
| Reverse Voltage Per Segment | 5 | V |
| Operating Temperature Range | -35℃ to +85℃ | |
| Storage Temperature Range | -35℃ to +85℃ | |
| Solder Temperature: max 260℃ for max 3sec at 1.6mm below seating plane. | | |

## ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT Ta=25°C

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | TEST CONDITION |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Average Luminous Intensity | $I_V$ | 200 | 650 | | μcd | $I_F$=10mA |
| Peak Emission Wavelength | λp | | 697 | | nm | $I_F$=20mA |
| Spectral Line Half-Width | Δλ | | 90 | | nm | $I_F$=20mA |
| Dominant Wavelength | λd | | 657 | | nm | $I_F$=20mA |
| Forward Voltage Per Segment | $V_F$ | | 2.1 | 2.6 | V | $I_F$=20mA |
| Reverse Current Per Segment | $I_R$ | | | 100 | μA | $V_R$=5V |
| Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio | $I_V$-m | | | 2:1 | | $I_F$=10mA |

Note: Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commision Internationale De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

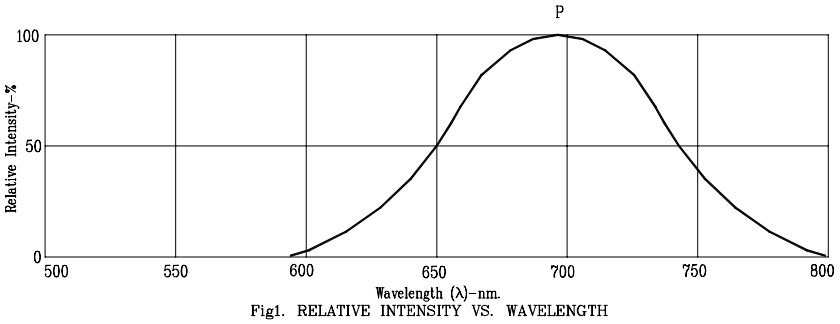


Fig1. RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

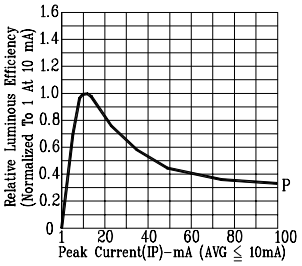


Fig2. RELATIVE LUMINOUS EFFICIENCY (LUMINOUS INTENSITY PER UNIT CURRENT) VS. PEAK CURRENT (REFRESH RATE 1KHz)

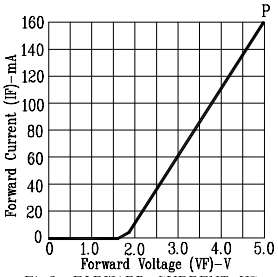


Fig3. FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE

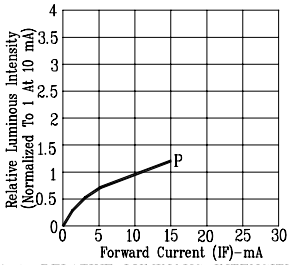


Fig4. RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

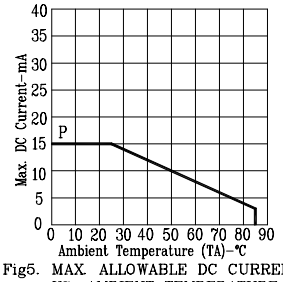


Fig5. MAX. ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

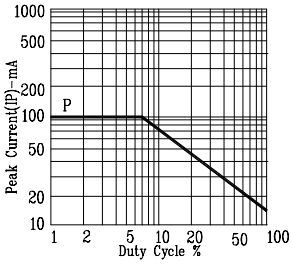


Fig6. MAX. PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE % (REFRESH RATE 1KHz)